AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AT MARCH 31, 2009

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AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of

NatureServe Canada

I have audited the statement of financial position of the NatureServe Canada as at March 31, 2009 and the statements of operations, net assets and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the organization's management. My responsibility is to express and opinion on these financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I plan and perform an audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

In my opinion these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2009 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles.

Peterborough, Ontario June 2, 2009 *John Rubie* John F. Rubie, C.A. Licensed Public Accountant

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at March 31, 2009

	2009 \$	2008 \$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash	222,267	152,923
Accounts receivable	769,242	477,465
Prepaid expense	1,338	1,635
Total Assets	992,847	632,023
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	736,936	472,849
Deferred revenue - Note 4	79,007	67,375
	815,943	540,224
Net Assets	176,904	91,799
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	992,847	632,023

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>Jai Madfi</u>, Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For The Year Ending March 31, 2009

	2009 \$	2008 \$
NET ASSETS		
Balance, beginning of year	91,799	32,880
Excess of revenue over expenditures	85,105	58,919
Balance, end of year	176,904	91,799

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS For The Year Ending March 31, 2009

	2009 \$	2008 \$
Revenue		
Dues	12,000	12,000
Interest	2,291	4,15 ⁻
Government funding	1,027,588	1,152,998
Suncor Energy Foundation	62,500	
Other	89	59
Total Revenue	1,104,468	1,169,739
Expenditures		
Annual meeting	3,497	2,22
Bookkeeping and accounting	12,000	7,43
Business taxes, licenses and membership	30	3
Consulting fees	723,010	840,91
Parks Canada	265,167	250,26
Insurance	2,426	2,35
Interest and bank charges	644	72
Office, telephone and general	1,887	23
Professional fees	4,832	5,08
Recruitment costs	2,416	
Travel, meals and accommodation	3,099	1,15
Workshop	355	39
Total Expenditures	1,019,363	1,110,82
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	85,105	58,91

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For The Year Ending March 31, 2009

	2009 \$	2008 \$
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN)		
Operating Activities		
Excess of revenue over expenditure for the year Changes in non-cash working capital accounts	85,105	58,919
Accounts receivable	(291,777)	(260,826)
Prepaid expense	297	(375)
Accounts payable	264,087	227,414
Deferred revenue	11,632	56,375
	69,344	81,507
Increase In Cash	69,344	81,507
Cash, Beginning of Year	152,923	71,416
Cash, End of Year	222,267	152,923

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ending March 31, 2009

NOTE 1: PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

NatureServe Canada is a not-for-profit organization whose goal is to be the authoritative source for accessible, current and reliable information on the distribution and abundance of Canada's biodiversity by building dynamic, accurate and comprehensive national, international and ecoregional databases on the distribution, character and conservation status of species and communities at risk in Canada and North America. NatureServe Canada is incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

NatureServe Canada uses the deferral method of accounting.

Realization of Revenues and Expenses

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions, including investment income, are recorded as received.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided for on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful life.

Income Taxes

The organization qualifies as a non-profit organization as defined by the Federal and Ontario Income Tax Acts and, as such, is not subject to Federal or Provincial income taxes.

Donated Materials and Services

No amounts have been recorded in the current year financial statements for donated materials and services.

Use of Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For The Year Ending March 31, 2009

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Instruments

The organization has adopted the new CICA Handbook Section 3855 for the recognition and measurement of financial instruments. Under this new section, the organization's financial instruments are classified by management as either held for trading, held to maturity, available for sale, loans and receivables or other liabilities. Financial instruments classified as held for trading are stated at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of operations as revenue or expenditure for the year. Financial instruments classified as available for sale are stated at fair value and changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of changes in fund balances as an increase or decrease in net assets for the year. Financial instruments classified as held to maturity, loans and receivables or other liabilities are stated at cost or amortized cost and any interest income or expense arising from these financial instruments is recorded using the effective interest method.

The organization's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable. Management has classified its cash as available for sale. As the fair value of the cash approximates the cost, there is no effect on net assets for the year. Management has classified its accounts receivable as loans and receivables which have been stated at cost due to their short term maturity. Management has classified its accounts payable as other liabilities which have been stated at cost due to their short term maturities.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to any significant interest, currency, or credit risk arising from its financial instruments.

NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

No capital assets were acquired in the year.

NOTE 4: DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue relates to membership dues and funding received for the subsequent fiscal year.